## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

#### § 520.2160 Styrylpyridinium, diethylcarbamazine oral dosage forms.

#### § 520.2170 Sulfabromomethazine sodium boluses.

- (a) Specifications. Each bolus contains 15 grams of sulfabromomethazine sodium.
- (b) Related tolerance. See §556.620 of this chapter.
- (c) *Sponsor*. See No. 050604 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (d) NAS/NRC status. These conditions of use are NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. NADA's for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.
- (e) Conditions of use. Cattle—(1) Amount. 90 milligrams per pound body weight.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of necrotic pododermatitis (foot rot) and calf diphtheria caused by Fusobacterium necrophorum; colibacillosis (scours) caused by Escherichia coli; bacterial pneumonia and bovine respiratory disease complex (shipping fever complex) associated with Pasteurella spp.; acute metritis and acute mastitis caused by Streptococcus spp.
- (3) Limitations. Administer orally; repeat in 48 hours if necessary; milk taken from animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) of latest treatment must not be used for food; do not administer within 18 days of slaughter; discontinue use if hematuria, crystalluria or severe depression are noticed; if signs persist after 2 or 3 days consult a veterinarian.
- $[47\ FR\ 30243,\ July\ 13,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 62\ FR\ 63270,\ Nov.\ 28,\ 1997]$

# § 520.2184 Sodium sulfachloropyrazine monohydrate.

- (a) Chemical name. 2-Sulfamido-6-chloroxyrazine, sodium.
- (b) Sponsor. See Nos. 053501 in  $\S 510.600(c)$  of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.625 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used in the drinking water of broilers, breeder flocks, and replacement chickens as follows:
  - (1) Amount. 0.03 percent.

- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of coccidiosis.
- (3) Limitations. Administer in drinking water for 3 days as sole source of drinking water and sulfonamide medication; withdraw 4 days prior to slaughter; not to be administered to chickens producing eggs for human consumption.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 41489, Oct. 11, 1985; 54 FR 12188, Mar. 24, 1989; 55 FR 8460, Mar. 8, 1990; 64 FR 15684, Apr. 1, 1999; 67 FR 78355, Dec. 24, 2002]

### § 520.2200 Sulfachlorpyridazine.

- (a) Specifications.—(1) Sodium sulfachlorpyridazine powder.
- (2) Each bolus contains 2 grams sulfachlorpyridazine.
- (3) Each tablet contains 250 milligrams (mg) sulfachlorpyridazine.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000010 in  $\S510.600(c)$  of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.630 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used as follows:
- (1) Calves—(i) Amount. Administer 30 to 45 mg sulfachlorpyridazine powder per pound (/lb) of body weight per day in milk or milk replacer, or in a bolus, in divided doses twice daily for 1 to 5 days.
- (ii) Indications for use. For the treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by Escherichia coli (colibacillosis).
- (iii) Limitations. Treated ruminating calves must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 7 days after the last treatment. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.
- (2) Swine—(i) Amount. Administer 20 to 35 mg/lb body weight per day, in divided doses twice daily for 1 to 5 days:
  - (A) In drinking water or
- (B) For individual treatment, in an oral suspension containing 50 mg per milliliter.
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For the treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by *E. coli* (colibacillosis).
- (iii) *Limitations*. Treated swine must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 4 days after the last treatment.